Partial cache flush use-cases for DMA-BUFs







- For streaming applications apps,
 - downloaded the content,
 - parsed it, and

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copied the data to be decoded into buffers allocated by codec and queued them to be decoded.





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- map the buffer and download content into it,
- range.
- and processing it.

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 Android R allows codecs to be <u>configured</u> to accept buffers allocated by apps. Apps allocate the buffer(or system may recycle one of the previously allocated buffers), parse it and queue the desired range of the buffer to the codec. • The component receives the handle to the entire buffer and the offset and size that denotes the

• The component must now do a cache flush for the range before proceeding to read the range

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Example: Decoding Session



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- Savings add up for 4K/8K content.

• Eliminates the need for a separate buffer to hold the downloaded content.





Other use-cases

• Metadata flushing.

- Memset insufficient to reset the metadata.

• Frame Buffer Compression metadata headers which indicates compression format for block.

• Need to write initialization values into the header and cache flush. • Potential performance improvement with partial cache flush.





Solution to allow parallel use of different regions on the same buffer

- Add begin_cpu_access_partial() and end_cpu_access_partial() hooks to dma_buf_ops. Similar to begin/end_cpu_access() but with additional offset and length parameters to specify
- range
- AOSP implementation <u>here</u>
- Add new DMA_BUF_IOCTL_SYNC_RANGE ioctl that takes start/end ranges







Similarly for the proposed device usage annotations.

- Add begin_device_access_partial and end_device_access partial hooks to dma_buf_ops.
- Solution similar to range locks on files.









Challenges

- Complicates the question of buffer ownership.
- Ownership needs to be tracked range-wise.
- Complicates the proposed lazy-flushing optimization.











Discussion topics:

- Any other use-cases?
- Alternate solutions?
- Deal-breakers?



Thank you!

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Backup Slides

Related optimization

Mark <u>here</u>).

• IOCTL to only cache sync the memory mapped by the CPU (codeaurora implementation by Liam

