

---, -----\\-----
-----) GNU poke
 ---) The 2020 Update
 ---)
---. -----)

The extensible editor
for structured binary data

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GNU Tools Track @ LPC 2020



Disclaimer

This is still **fun in progress**



Contents

- ① Introduction to poke
- ② What is new
- ③ Current status and roadmap



Introduction to GNU poke



Motivation

- Need to edit object files, among others.
- Scripts break easily, and are a PITA to maintain.
- Format-specific tools are... too specific.
- Decided to hack a general-purpose binary editor in 2017.
- Published first version in September 2019.
- About to release the first version.

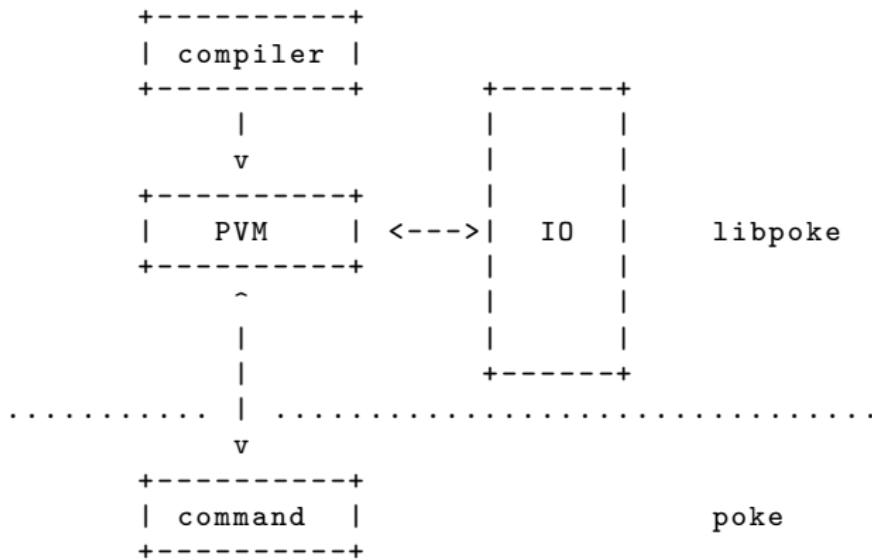


Developing the idea

- Took a while.
- From C structs “plus something” to a domain-specific programming language.
- Some existing work:
 - **Datascript** by Godmar Back: nice but unsatisfactory.
 - 010 Editor: proprietary and simplistic approach.
- After many design failures and blind alleys... finally got it right... or so I hope! :D



Architecture



`poke`, `Poke` and `pickles`

- We call **`poke`** the program. When the context may induce confusion (since “`poke`” is a pretty common word) then we use “GNU `poke`”.
- **`Poke`** (with upper case P) is the name of the domain-specific language implemented by `poke`.
- A **`pickle`** is a `Poke` source file containing definitions that conceptually apply to some definite domain.



The Poke language - Values

- Integers:

```
10, 0xff, 8UB, 0b1100, 0o777
```

- Strings:

```
"foo\nbar"  
""
```

- Arrays:

```
[1,2,3]  
[[1,2],[3,4]]  
[[1,2,3],[4]]
```

- Structs:

```
struct { name = "Donald Knuth", age = 100 }  
struct {}
```



The Poke language - Offset values

- Named units:

8#b

23#B

2#Kb

- Numeric units:

8#8

2#3

- Even better:

```
deftype Packet = struct { int i; long j; }
23#Packet
```

- Operations:

OFF +- OFF -> OFF

OFF * INT -> OFF

OFF / OFF -> INT

OFF % OFF -> OFF



The Poke language - Array Types

- Unbounded:

```
int []
int [] []
```

- Bounded by number of elements:

```
int [2]
int [foo+bar]
```

- Bounded by size:

```
int [8#B]
```



The Poke language - Struct Types

```
deftype Elf64_Shdr =
  struct
  {
    offset<Elf_Word,B> sh_name;
    Elf_Word sh_type;
    Elf64_SectionFlags sh_flags;
    Elf64_Addr sh_addr;
    Elf64_Off sh_offset;
    offset<Elf64_Xword,B> sh_size;
    Elf_Word sh_link;
    Elf_Word sh_info;
    Elf64_Xword sh_addralign;
    offset<Elf64_Xword,b> sh_entsize;
  };
}
```



The Poke language - Variables

Block oriented. Lexically scoped.

```
defvar a = 10
defvar b = [1,2,3]
defvar c = { foo = 10, bar = 20L }
```



The Poke language - Mapping

A central concept in poke:

- Poke variables are in memory.
- The IO space is the data being edited (file, memory, ...)
- Both can be manipulated **in the same way**.
- ... or that's the idea.



The Poke language - Mapping

TYPE @ OFFSET -> MAPPED_VALUE

- Simple types

```
(poke) defvar a = 10
(poke) defvar b = int @ 0#B
```

- Arrays

```
(poke) defvar a = [1,2,3]
(poke) defvar b = int[3] @ 0#B
```

- Structs

```
(poke) defvar a = Packet { i = 10, j = 20 }
(poke) defvar b = Packet @ 0#B
```



The Poke language - Functions

```
defun ctf_section = (Elf64_Ehdr ehdr) Elf64_Shdr:  
{  
    for (s in Elf64_Shdr[ehdr.e_shnum] @ ehdr.e_shoff)  
        if (elf_string (ehdr, s.sh_name) == ".ctf")  
            return s;  
  
    raise E_generic;  
}
```



What is New



Styled Output in Terminal

- Based on Bruno Haible's **libtextstyle**.
- User can customize styling using CSS (`poke-default.css`).
- Command-line:

```
--color=yes  
--color=no  
--color=html
```

- Language-level support in **printf**:

```
printf "%<CLASSNAME:...>" ;
```



Terminal Hyperlinks

- Also based on **libtextstyle**.
- Hyperserver.

```
hserver listening in port 53577.
```

- **Execute** links:

```
app://ankh-morpork:46603/1592/e/.file #0
```

- **Insert** links:

```
app://ankh-morpork:46603/1592/i/0x00000000#b
```

- Considering adding a customizable toolbar:

```
<dothis><dothat>  
(poke) _
```



Union Types

```
deftype Id3v2_Frame =
    struct
    {
        char id[4] : id[0] != 0;
        uint32 size;
        ...
    union
    {
        /* Frame contains text related data. */
        union
        {
            struct
            {
                char id_asciiz_str = 0;
                char[size - 1] frame_data;
            } : size > 1;

                char[size] frame_data;
            } : id[0] == 'T';

        /* Frame contains other data. */
        char[size] frame_data;
    };
};
```



Initial value for a struct field

```
deftype Elf64_Ehdr =  
    struct  
{  
        struct  
{  
            byte[4] ei_mag = [0x7fUB, 'E', 'L', 'F'];  
            byte ei_class;  
            byte ei_data;  
            byte ei_version;  
            byte ei_osabi;  
            byte ei_abiversion;  
            byte[6] ei_pad;  
            offset<byte,B> ei_nident;  
        } e_ident;  
  
        Elf_Half e_type;  
        Elf_Half e_machine;  
        Elf_Word e_version;  
  
        [...]  
    };
```

Denotes a constraint **and** a default initial value.



Optional struct fields

```
deftype Elf64_File =  
    struct  
    {  
        Elf64_Ehdr ehdr;  
  
        Elf64_Shdr [ehdr.e_shnum] shdr @ ehdr.e_shoff  
        if ehdr.e_shnum > 0;  
  
        Elf64_Phdr [ehdr.e_phnum] phdr @ ehdr.e_phoff  
        if ehdr.e_phnum > 0;  
  
        [...]  
    };
```

Fields may be absent.



Struct constructors

There are two ways to create a struct value in Poke:

- **Mapping** a struct at some IO space.
- **Constructing** a struct from a template with initial values.

```
deftype Exception =
  struct
  {
    int<32> code;
    string msg;
    int<32> exit_status;
  };

defvar E_div_by_zero
= Exception {code = EC_div_by_zero,
             msg = "division\u00f7by\u00f7zero",
             exit_status = 1};
```



Definitions inside Struct Types

Variables, functions and other types can be defined inside struct types, and are available at value construction time.



Definitions inside Struct Types

```
deftype Packet =
  struct
  {
    byte magic = 0xab;
    byte size;

    defvar real_size = (size == 0xff ? 0 : size);

    byte[real_size] payload;
    byte[real_size] control;

    defun corrected_crc = int:
    {
      try return calculate_crc (payload, control);
      catch if E_div_by_zero { return 0; }
    }

    int crc = corrected_crc;
  };
}
```



Definitions inside Struct Types

```
deftype BTF_Type =
    struct
    {
        offset<uint<32>,B> name;
        struct [...] info;

        deftype BTF_Func_Proto =
            struct
            {
                BTF_Param[info.vlen] params;
            };

        union
        {
            BTF_Int integer : info.kind == BTF_KIND_I
            BTF_Array array : info.kind == BTF_KIND_A
            BTF_Enum[info.vlen] enum : info.kind == BTF_KIND_E
            BTF_Func_Proto func_proto : info.kind == BTF_KIND_F
            BTF_Variable variable : info.kind == BTF_KIND_V
            BTF_Member[info.vlen] members : info.kind == BTF_KIND_U
            BTF_Var_SecInfo[info.vlen] databsec : info.kind == BTF_KIND_D
        } data;
    };
}
```



Struct Methods

```
deftype Elf64_File =
    struct
    {
        [...]

        method get_string = (offset<Elf_Word,B> offset) string:
        {
            defvar strtab = ehdr.e_shstrndx;
            return string @ (shdr[strtab].sh_offset + offset);
        }

        method Elf64_Shdr get_section_by_name = (string name) Elf64_Shdr:
        {
            for (s in shdr where get_string (s.sh_name) == name)
                return s;

            raise E_generic;
        }
    };
}
```



Pretty-printers

```
deftype BPF_Reg =  
    struct  
    {  
        uint<4> code;  
  
    method _print = void:  
    {  
        print "#<";  
        if (code < BPF_R9)  
            printf "%<insn-register:%sr%i32d%>", "%", code;  
        else  
            printf "%<insn-register:fp%>";  
        print ">";  
    }  
};
```

#<...> convention



Pretty-printers

```
(poke) .set pretty-print yes
(poke) (BPFInsn[shdr.sh_size] @ shdr.sh_offset)[0]
BPFInsn {
    opcode=BPFInsnOpcode {
        alujmp=#<mov>
    },
    regs=BPFInsnRegs {
        src=#<%r0>,
        dst=#<%r0>
    },
    offset=0x0H#64,
    imm=struct {
        imm32=0xa
    }
}
```



Pretty-printers

```
(poke) .set pretty-print no
(poke) (BPFInsn[shdr.sh_size] @ shdr.sh_offset)[0]
BPFInsn {
    opcode=BPFInsnOpcode {
        alujmp=struct {
            code=0xbUN,
            src=(uint<1>) 0x0,
            class=(uint<3>) 0x7
        }
    },
    regs=BPFInsnRegs {
        src=BPFReg {
            code=0x0UN
        },
        dst=BPFReg {
            code=0x0UN
        }
    },
    offset=0x0H#64,
    imm=struct {
        imm32=0xa
    }
}
```



Memory IO spaces

```
(poke) .mem foo
The current IOS is now '*foo*'.
(poke) dump
76543210 0011 2233 4455 6677 8899 aabb ccdd eeff 0123456789ABCDE
00000000: 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 ..... .
00000010: 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 ..... .
00000020: 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 ..... .
00000030: 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 ..... .
00000040: 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 ..... .
00000050: 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 ..... .
00000060: 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 ..... .
00000070: 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 ..... .
(poke) iosize / #B
0x1000UL
```

Auto-growing memory buffers



NBD IO spaces

- Provides access to data served by an arbitrary NBD (Network Block Device) server.
- Based on libnbd
(<http://libguestfs.org/libnbd.3.html>).
- `nbd+unix:///?socket=path/to/file`
- Contributed by Eric Blake.



The IOS Abstraction

WYPIWYG (What You Poke is What You Get)



Weird Integers

- Incomplete Bytes

```
byte 0 | byte 1  
+-----+-----+  
| : : : : : : : : | |  
+-----+-----+  
| uint<12> |
```

```
byte 0 | byte 1  
+-----+-----+  
| a7 a6 a5 a4 a3 a2 a1 a0 b7 b6 b5 b4 : |  
+-----+-----+  
| uint<12> |
```

Big endian: a7 a6 a5 a4 a3 a2 a1 a0 b7 b6 b5 b4

Little endian: b7 b6 b5 b4 a7 a6 a5 a4 a3 a2 a1 a0



Weird Integers

- Quantum Bytenics

```
    byte
+-----+
| : : : : |     |
+-----+
uint<5>
```

```
    byte
+-----+-----+
| b7 b6 b5 b4 b3 |     |
+-----+-----+
|     uint<5>     |
```

Value: b7 b6 b5 b4 b3



Unaligned Integers

poke values	uint<16> @ 2#b
Virtual bytes	virt. byte1 virt. byte2
IO space	0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 0
IO device	0x7f 0x45 0x4c

```
(poke) .set obase 2
(poke) .set endian big
(poke) uint<16> @ 2#b
0b1111110100010101UH
(poke) .set endian little
(poke) uint<16> @ 2#b
0b000101011111101UH
```



Integral Structs

- Many data structures can be translated 1-1 from C to Poke
- C

```
typedef struct
{
    Elf64_Addr    r_offset;
    Elf64_Xword   r_info;
    Elf64_Sxword  r_addend;
} Elf64_Rela;
```

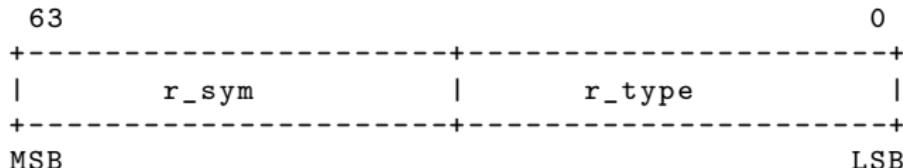
- Poke

```
deftype Elf64_Rela =
struct
{
    Elf64_Addr r_offset;
    Elf64_Xword r_info;
    Elf64_Sxword r_addend;
};
```



Integral Structs

- But sometimes integral values are to be interpreted as composite data:



- In C

```
#define ELF64_R_SYM(i)          ((i) >> 32)
#define ELF64_R_TYPE(i)          ((i) & 0xffffffff)
#define ELF64_R_INFO(sym,type)   (((Elf64_Xword) (sym)) << 32)
```

- We could mimic that in Poke:

```
defun Elf64_R_Sym = (Elf64_Xword i) uint<32>:
    { return i .>> 32; }
defun Elf64_R_Type = (Elf64_Xword i) uint<32>:
    { return i & 0xffff_ffff; }
defun Elf64_R_Info = (uint<32> sym, uint<32> type) Elf64_Xword
    { return sym as Elf64_Xword <<. 32 + type; }
```



Integral Structs

- But using an **integral struct** is way much better:

```
deftype Elf64_RelInfo =  
    struct uint<64>  
    {  
        uint<32> r_sym;  
        uint<32> r_type;  
    };
```

- Integral structs can also be used as integers:
 - Using explicit casts.
- ```
Elf64_RelInfo {} as uint<64>
```
- Converted automatically wherever an integer is expected.

```
(poke) +Elf64_RelInfo {}
0x0UL
(poke) Elf64_RelInfo {} + 2
0x2UL
```



# Integral Structs

- An integral struct is **not** always the right abstraction to use when we see a C bit field!
- C:

```
struct regs
{
 __u8 dst_reg:4;
 __u8 src_reg:4;
};
```

- Poke:

```
deftype Regs =
 struct
 {
 defvar little_p = (get_endian == ENDIAN_LITTLE);

 uint<8> src @ !little_p * 4#b;
 uint<8> dst @ little_p * 4#b;
 };
}
```



# Loading Pickles

- Not a proper modules system yet.
- **load\_path**
- Dot-command

```
(poke) .load /path/to/file.pk
```

- Language construct

```
load elf;
load "bit-utils.pk";
```



# Poke Scripts

- Shebang

```
#!/usr/local/bin/poke -L
#!
```

- Writing binary utilities.
- Command line arguments, **argv**:

```
#!/usr/bin/poke -L
#!

for (arg in argv)
 print "Argument: " + arg + "\n";
```

- Example: elfextractor.



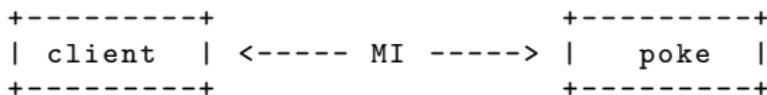
# libpoke

- Shared library providing compiler, PVM and IO space.
- Compilation services (file, buffer, expression).
- Disassembler.
- Management of IO spaces.
- Auto-completion.
- Loading of modules.
- Handling of PK values.



# The Machine Interface (MI)

- Interaction with other programs (GUIs, testers, etc)



- Based on JSON, loosely inspired in the Debug Adapter Protocol <https://microsoft.github.io/debug-adapter-protocol/specification>.
- Being developed as part of GSOC 2020 by Konstantinos Chasialis.



# The Machine Interface (MI)

- **Requests**
- **Responses**
- **Events**
- Example of dialogue:

```
MI: recv: {"seq":0,"type":2,"data":{"type":0,"args":{"mi_version":1}}}
MI: sent: {"seq":0,"type":0,"data":{"type":0}}
MI: recv: {"seq":2,"type":1,"data":{"type":0,"success_p":true}}
```

- GUI prototype



## New commands

- **copy** allows to copy regions of data within an IO space, or between different IO spaces.
- **save** writes a region from an IO space into a file.
- **extract** creates a temporary IO space with the contents of a mapped value.



# First PokeConf at Mont Soleil, 2020



## Current Status and Roadmap



# Project Status - As of today

- # of commits: 3598
- Contributors (in order of appearance):

Jose E. Marchesi, Egeyar Bagcioglu, John Darrington,  
Luca Saiu, Darshit Shah, Dan Cermak, Carlo Caione,  
Eric Blake, Tim Ruehsen, Aurelien Aptel, Bruno Haible,  
Konstantinos Chasialis
- Testsuite: 4247 tests in 10 testsuites



## Future work

... after first release.

- Pattern matching
- Gradual typing.
- Support for sets (enums, bitmasks).
- Organize pickles better: module system, namespaces.
- Arguments to struct types
- Other language improvements.



# Project Resources

- Homepage: <http://www.jemarch.net/poke.html>
- Savannah: <http://savannah.gnu.org/p/poke>
- Mailing list: [poke-devel@gnu.org](mailto:poke-devel@gnu.org)
- Bugs database: <http://sourceware.org/bugzilla>
- IRC channel: [#poke in irc.freenode.net](#)
- Applied pokology: <http://www.jemarch.net/pokology>



Hack with us!

See file **HACKING** in the source tree.

