

# Userspace OVS with HW Offload and AF\_XDP

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OVS has two major datapaths: 1) the Linux kernel datapath, which shipped with Linux distributions and 2) the userspace datapath, which usually coupled with DPDK library as packet I/O interface, and called OVS-DPDK. Recent OVS also supports two offload mechanisms: the TC-flower for the kernel datapath, and the DPDK `rte_flow` for the userspace datapath. The tc-flower API with kernel datapath seems to be more feature-rich, with the support for connection tracking. However, the userspace datapath is in general faster than the kernel datapath, due to more packet processing optimizations.

With the introduction of AF\_XDP to OVS, the userspace datapath can process packets at high rate without requiring DPDK library. AF\_XDP socket creates a fast packet channel to the OVS userspace datapath and shows similar performance compared to using DPDK. In this case, the AF\_XDP socket with OVS userspace datapath enables a couple of new ideas. First, unlike OVS-DPDK, with AF\_XDP, the userspace datapath can enable TC-flower offload, because the device driver is still running in the kernel. Second, when considering flows which can't be offloaded to the hardware, ex: L7 processing, these flows can be redirected to OVS userspace datapath using AF\_XDP socket, which is faster than processing in kernel. And finally, users can implement new features using a custom XDP program attached to the device, when flows can't be offloaded due to lack of hardware support.

In summary, with this architecture, we hope that a flow can be processed in the following sequences:

- 1) In hardware with tc-flower API. This shows best performance with the latest hardware. And if not capable,
- 2) In XDP. This shows second to the hardware performance, with the flexibility for new features and with eBPF verifier's safety guarantee. And if not capable,
- 3) In OVS userspace datapath. This shows the best software switching performance.

Moving forward, we hope to unify the two extreme deployment scenarios; the high performance NFV cases using OVS-DPDK, and the enterprise hypervisor use cases using OVS kernel module, by just using the OVS userspace datapath with AF\_XDP. Currently we are exploring the feasibility of this design and limitations. We hope that by presenting this idea, we can get feedback from the community.

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