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# WITCHCRAFT SECRETS

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# Witchcraft Secrets

**...from a reverse-engineer**

*Alyssa Rosenzweig*



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Open First

# Starswirl's First Law

*Magic can neither be created nor destroyed...*



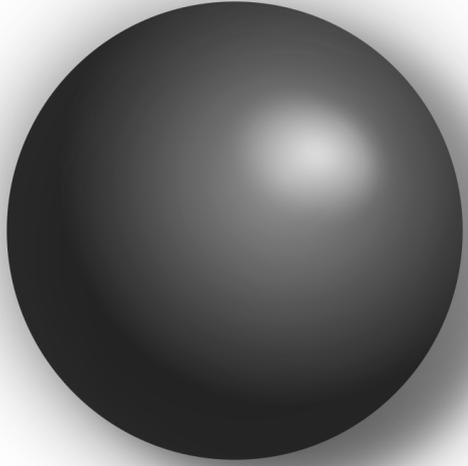
# Starswirl's First Law

*Magic can neither be created nor destroyed...*

*....only transformed.*



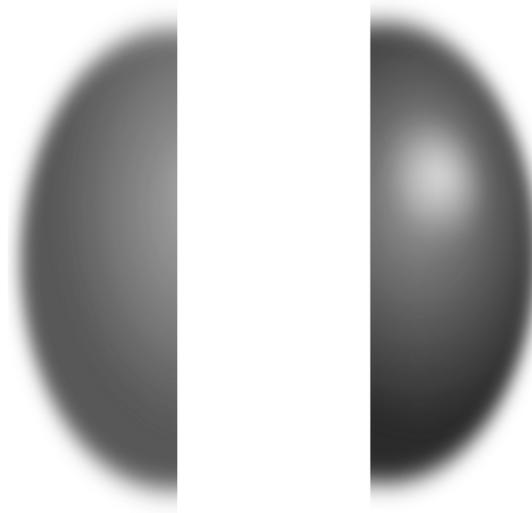
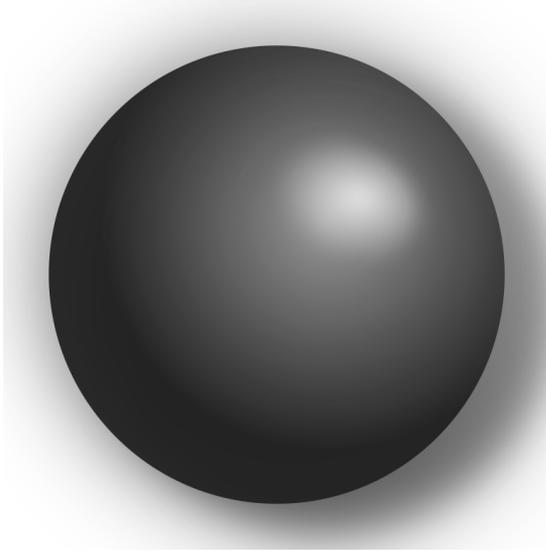
# Starswirl's First Law



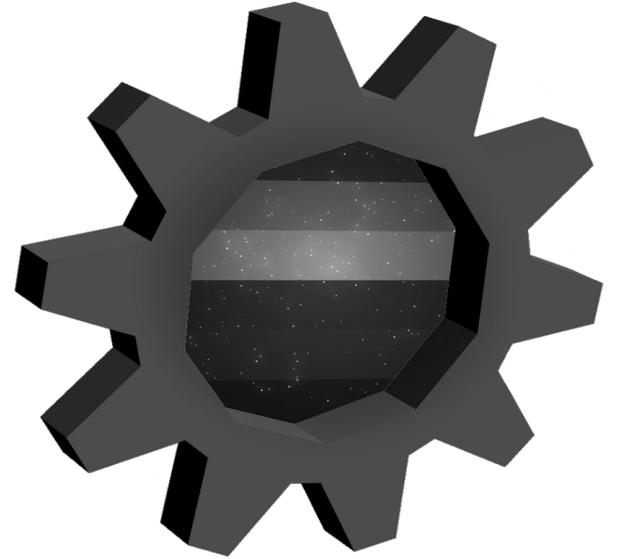
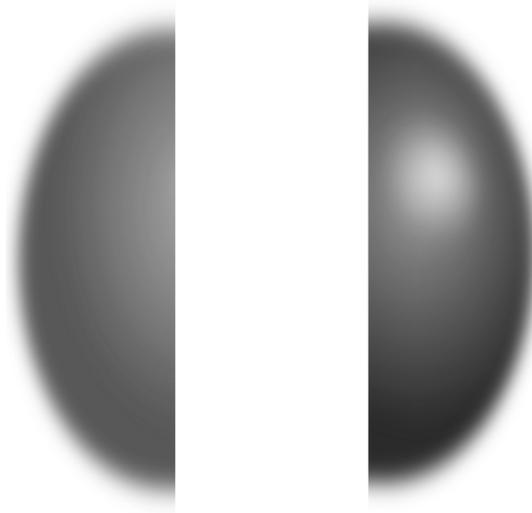
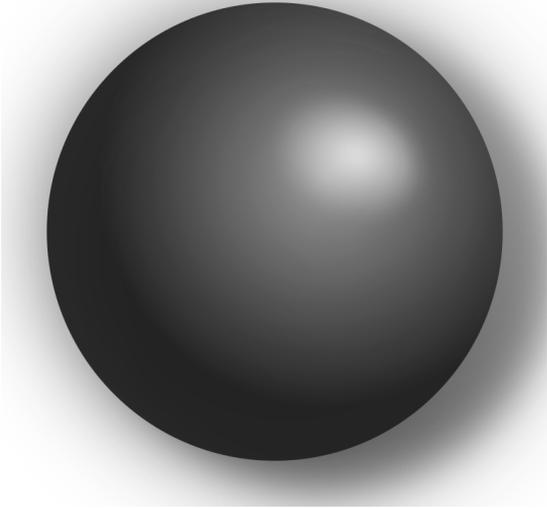
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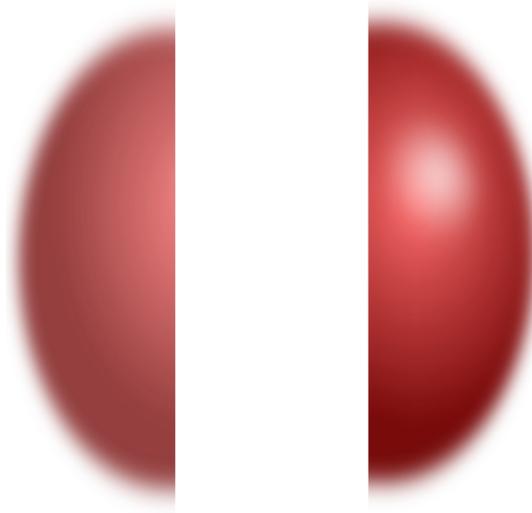
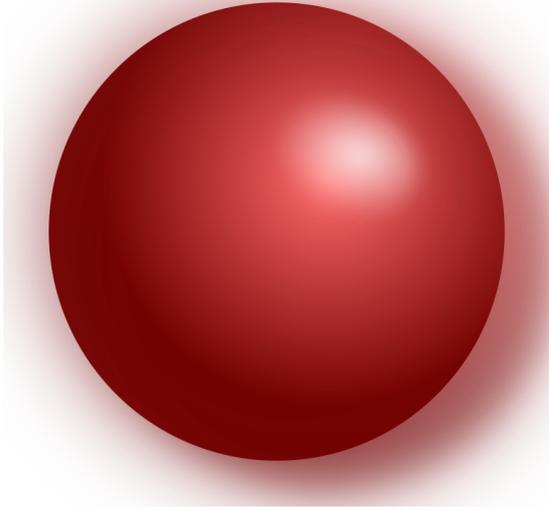
# Starswirl's First Law



# Starswirl's First Law



# Witchcraft



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# OPEN SORCERY



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# STEPS

# Steps - trivial

- Write a test
- Trace baseline input
- Trace with single “interesting” change
- Diff the traces
- Single change? Lucky.



# Spelling convention

$$f(\mathbf{x}) = y$$



# Steps - nontrivial

- Write a test
- Trace many inputs
- Record results
- Find a pattern
- Deduce  $f$
- Rewrite for  $f^{-1}$



# Steps - nontrivial

- Write a test
- **Trace many inputs**
- Record results
- Find a pattern
- Deduce  $f$
- Rewrite for  $f^{-1}$

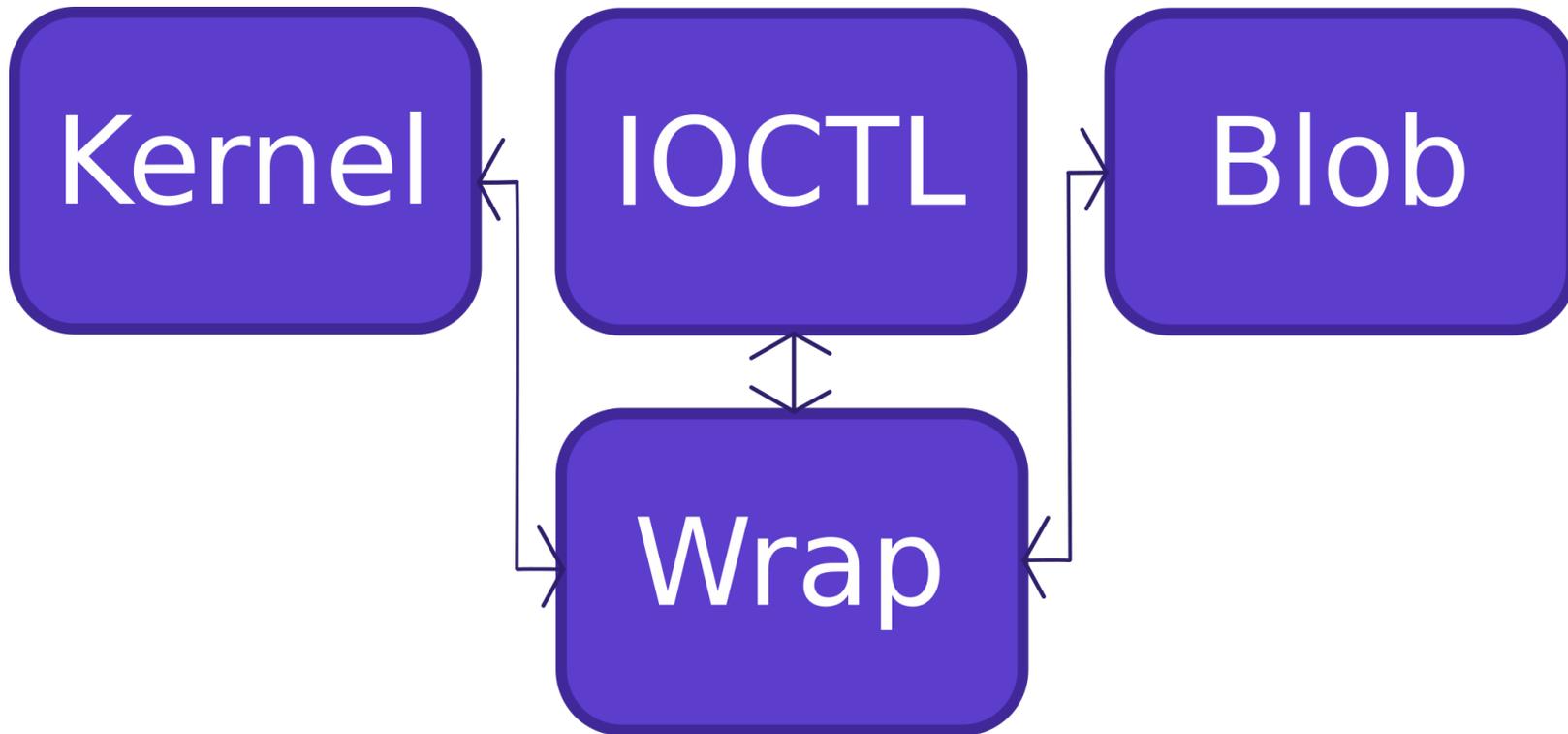




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# TRACING





# Steps - nontrivial

- Write a test
- Trace many inputs
- Record results
- **Find a pattern**
- **Deduce  $f$**
- Rewrite for  $f^{-1}$





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# TECHNIQUES

# Waiting

- Cuss on IRC.
- Wait for a draconequus to whisper  $f$  to you.

*Works 20% of the time*



# Law of Parsimaney

- Simple  $f$  are more likely than complex  $f$ .
- Simple for the *hardware*, not for you!
- Think like a hardware designer (gate count).



# Properties

- Alignment?
- Monotonicity?
- Linear? *Almost* linear?
- Bitwise complements?
- Powers of two?

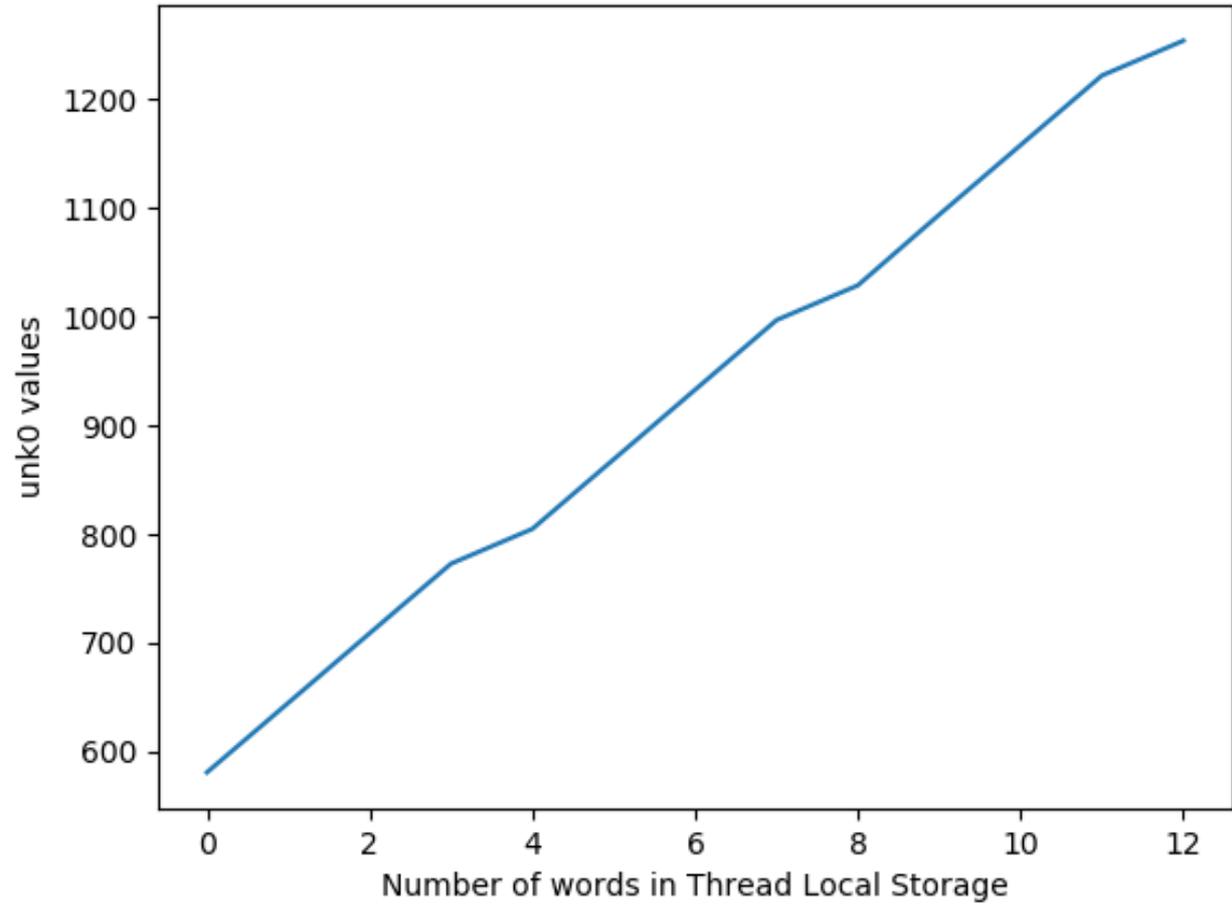


# Information entropy

- Input entropy vs output bit count
- Equal entropy: just shuffling
- More in input: incomplete encoding (pigeonhole)
- More in output: incomplete input (Occam's Razor)



# Graphs



# Calculus

- Discrete derivatives (backwards differencing)
- Sometimes modeling  $f'$  is easier than  $f$ .
- Integrate  $f'$  to recover  $f$  (summation)

*Useful for near-linear  $f$*



# Classes of $f$

- What kind of function could satisfy the properties?
- Closed-form algebraic?
- Bitwise manipulation?
- Try some.



# Purpose

- Every field has a reason for being.
- Your job: figure out why.



# Purpose

```
struct texture {  
    unsigned width;  
    unsigned unknown;  
    unsigned depth;  
    . . .
```



# Purpose

```
struct texture {  
    unsigned width;  
    unsigned height;  
    unsigned depth;  
    ...  
}
```



# Purpose

Proximate fields have proximate purposes.



# Info drops

- Know the hardware, know the purpose.
- Conference slides.
- Vendor blogs.
- Code drops (kernel)
- Google is your friend.



# XDC Hallway Track

[redacted]



# If all else fails...

- Move on.
- Lots of seaponies in the sea.





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# EXAMPLE

# 1

```
if (vColor.x < 0.5) discard;
```

```
flt r31.w, r0.x, #0.5  
br.discard.true
```



## 2 - AND

```
if (vColor.x < 0.5 && vColor.y < 0.75)  
    discard;
```

```
flt r31.w, r0.y, #0.75  
flt r31.w, r0.x, #0.5  
brx.discard.unk8888
```



## 2 - OR

```
if (vColor.x < 0.5 || vColor.y < 0.75)  
    discard;
```

```
flt r31.w, r0.y, #0.75  
flt r31.w, r0.x, #0.5  
brx.discard.unkEEEE
```

## 2 - NAND

```
if (!(vColor.x < 0.5 && vColor.y < 0.75))  
    discard;
```

```
flt r31.w, r0.y, #0.75  
flt r31.w, r0.x, #0.5  
brx.discard.unk1111
```

## 2 - NOR

```
if (!(vColor.x < 0.5 || vColor.y < 0.75))  
    discard;
```

```
flt r31.w, r0.y, #0.75  
flt r31.w, r0.x, #0.5  
brx.discard.unk7777
```



Expression	Code
(A && B)	8888
(A    B)	EEEE
!(A && B)	7777
!(A    B)	1111



# 3?

```
if (vColor.x < 0.5 && vColor.y < 0.75 &&  
    vColor.z == 1.0) discard;
```

```
flt r31.x, r0.y, #0.75  
feq r31.w, r0.z, #1  
flt r31.w, r0.x, #0.5  
brx.discard.unk8080
```



# 4?

```
if (vColor.x < 0.5 && vColor.y < 0.75 &&
    vColor.z == 1.0 && vColor.w == 0.0)
    discard;

feq r31.w, r0.z, #1
feq r31.w, r0.w, #0
flt r31.x, r0.y, #0.75
flt r31.w, r0.x, #0.5
brx.discard.unk8000
```



# 5?

```
if (vColor.x < 0.5 && vColor.y < 0.75 &&  
    vColor.z == 1.0 && vColor.w == 0.0 &&  
    vColor.x > vColor.y) discard;
```

```
...
```

```
iand r31.w, r0.z, r0.w  
brx.discard.unk8000
```



Expression	Code
(A && B)	8888
(A    B)	EEEE
!(A && B)	7777
!(A    B)	1111
(A && B) && C	8080
(A && B) && C && D	8000



# Mathemagics

$$f(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = y$$



Expression	Code
(A && B)	8888
(A    B)	EEEE
!(A && B)	7777
!(A    B)	1111
(A && B) && C	8080
(A && B) && C && D	8000



Expression	Code
(A && B)	8888
!(A && B)	7777
(A    B)	EEEE
!(A    B)	1111



Expression	Code	
(A && B)	8888	} FFFF
!(A && B)	7777	
(A    B)	EEEE	} FFFF
!(A    B)	1111	



Expression	Code
(A && B) && C && D	8000

0	0
0	0
0	0
0	0
0	0
.	.
.	.
.	.
0	0
0	0
1	1

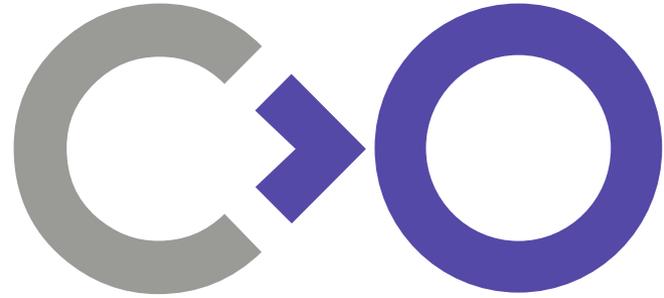


Expression	Code
(A && B)	8888
(A    B)	EEEE
!(A && B)	7777
!(A    B)	1111
(A && B) && C	8080
(A && B) && C && D	8000





# LUT



**Thank you!**



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