

Firmware ABI stability

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December 11th, 2025

Problem

Contemporary embedded Linux systems depend on services provided by firmware

- ▶ Firmware provides services with ABI – PSCI, SCMI, ...
- ▶ ABI misuse 1 – changes to protocol itself
(e.g. new SCMI protocol commands)
- ▶ ABI misuse 2 – changes to ID allocation
(e.g. changed SCMI IDs)
 - ▶ SCMI IDs are sometimes encoded in DTs, does this mean SCMI IDs are part of HW description or SCMI server SW policy ?

Implications

Upstreaming is impeded by unstable firmware ABI

- ▶ DT changes are not being upstreamed until firmware ABI stabilizes
- ▶ Driver development is slowed down due to unclear DT description

Possible solutions

- ▶ Incremental development
 - ▶ Add new SCMI IDs when they are tested with at least two clients U-Boot, Linux, RTOS, ...
 - ▶ Append-only strategy
 - ▶ Downside is, that older broken entries cannot be fixed
- ▶ Boot everything together
 - ▶ Start U-Boot SPL and U-Boot first, then use fitImage to start the firmware, Linux, RTOS together
 - ▶ Bundle the ABI-server firmware and ABI-client Linux/RTOS/... into single container, booted together
 - ▶ Mitigates possible firmware ABI breakage problems, improves updateability, but does not solve unstable firmware ABI

Discussion ?

End

Thank you for your attention

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