



### Introduction

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  - o Upstream maintainer could be Linus Torvalds or someone between you and Linus
- The talk is focusing on the basics of maintainer workflow
  - o There are a few, not always known expectations, from the maintainer
    - Linux-next
  - Workflow improvements
  - Tips for git.kernel.org
  - PGP keys
  - Dump mailing lists



### Me

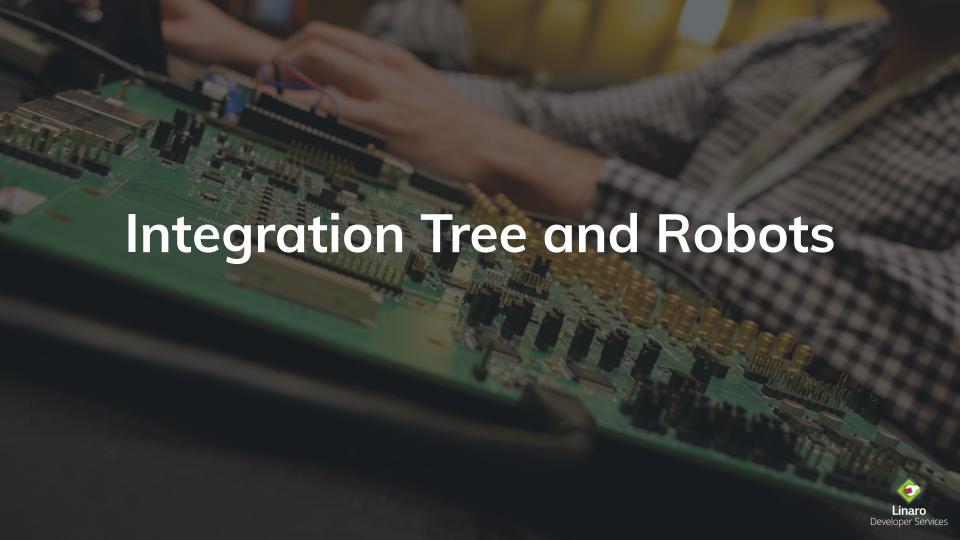
- Krzysztof Kozlowski
- I work for Linaro in Qualcomm Landing Team
- I maintain few Linux kernel pieces
  - Devicetree bindings, Samsung ARM SoC, NFC and more
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### Me

- Krzysztof Kozlowski
- I work for Linaro in Qualcomm Landing Team
- I maintain few Linux kernel pieces
  - Devicetree bindings, Samsung ARM SoC, NFC and more
  - I usually send pull requests to the SoC tree
- Why am I talking?
  - I don't handle that many patches, but my upstream maintainers seem happy
  - I develop quite a lot of patches for many different subsystems, so I started noticing things





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  - Nope, it's not in linux-next
  - O Where is it then?





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- Or maybe only some patches from a branch were applied, so Schrödinger rebases the branch on top of linux-next and resends what's left



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  - Obviously need to send a ping or resend the patch?
- Then maintainer responds:
  - I have already applied this, why are you pinging?
    - I am pinging because I am confused! What is happening with my patch? Why do I need to waste mine and your time to resend the patch?



### Why the Patch Was Not in the linux-next?

- When we talk about a patch being applied, it means it will be sent to upstream maintainer for the next merge-window
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  - Reduced testing
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  - Linus expects patches being in the linux-next before merge window starts [1]



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  - Not free from effort, so don't add your repo to linux-next if you are not a maintainer
- How to do it?
  - Email to:
    - Stephen Rothwell <sfr@canb.auug.org.au>
    - linux-next@vger.kernel.org
  - With the names of branches:
    - For the next release (next/master)
    - For current RC fixes (next/pending-fixes)





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- If you send patches, not pull requests, to your upstream maintainer consider dropping the patches once they get applied
  - Otherwise Stephen might send you emails about duplicated patches in linux-next



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- Rebasing branches is allowed (as far as linux-next is concerned)
- If you send patches, not pull requests, to your upstream maintainer consider dropping the patches once they get applied
  - Otherwise Stephen might send you emails about duplicated patches in linux-next
- Do not add new material to the for-next branch during the merge window
  - It is OK to add fixes to the pending-fixes branch
  - But stuff not for current merge window should wait



## Testing by Bots

- Most known bot is Intel's 0-Day / LKP / Kernel Test Robot
  - There are others like Kernel CI or Linaro LKFT, but they don't focus on building every possible patch



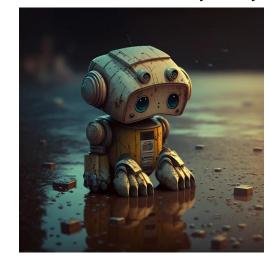
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  - Other place and your repo is in linux-next -> you will be covered with ~one day delay



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  - Other place and your repo is in linux-next -> you will be covered with ~one day delay
- Other cases: probably no test coverage by bots





https://www.reddit.com/r/midjourney/comments/10fyutr/sad\_robot/

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- Add or update existing "repo" configuration file:
  - https://github.com/intel/lkp-tests/tree/master/repo/linux
  - repo/linux/foo-bar
- Send a pull request
  - Just follow some examples
    - https://github.com/intel/lkp-tests/pull/271



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- See also LKP Wiki:
  - Repo-spec: <a href="https://github.com/intel/lkp-tests/wiki/Repo-Spec">https://github.com/intel/lkp-tests/wiki/Repo-Spec</a>
  - FAQ: <a href="https://github.com/intel/lkp-tests/blob/master/doc/faq.md">https://github.com/intel/lkp-tests/blob/master/doc/faq.md</a>





# **Applying Patches**



Using one simple tool to apply the patch from email

1. Look for
Reviewed tags manually
2. Use custom mutt macro which
dumps mail to mbox and
pipes it to `git am --signoff`
3. `git commit
--amend` to manually add the tags
4. Respond to
the email with "Thank you, applied"



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  - Detecting newer versions
    - And comparing between versions ('b4 diff')
  - And more...



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  - And more...
- For full guide see Konstantin Ryabitsev talk: "Doing more with lore and b4" <a href="https://lpc.events/event/11/contributions/983/">https://lpc.events/event/11/contributions/983/</a>



## **B4** Configuration

linux-maintainer-repo/.git/config:

```
[b4]

# For thank you emails:
    thanks-commit-url-mask = https://git.kernel.org/MR_F00/linux/c/%s

# If you want Patchwork integration:
    pw-key = FIXME: API token from https://patchwork.kernel.org/user/
    pw-url = https://patchwork.kernel.org
    pw-project = FIXME: Project name (e.g. linux-samsung-soc)
    pw-review-state = under-review
    pw-accept-state = accepted
    pw-discard-state = deferred
```



# **Apply Entire Series**

```
$ b4 shazam --apply-cover-trailers --add-link -s MESSAGE_ID
```

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```
$ b4 shazam --apply-cover-trailers --add-link -s MESSAGE_ID
Grabbing thread from lore.kernel.org/all/...
Checking for newer revisions
Grabbing search results from lore.kernel.org
Analyzing 7 messages in the thread
Checking attestation on all messages, may take a moment...
. . .
Total patches: 2
Applying: ARM: dts: samsung: exynos4412-midas: fix key-ok event code
Applying: ARM: dts: samsung: exynos4412-midas: use Linux event codes for input keys
Patchwork: setting state on patchwork.kernel.org/linux-samsung-soc
 \rightarrow under-review : [v2,1/2] ARM: dts: samsung: exynos4412-midas: fix key-ok event code
 -> under-review : [v2,2/2] ARM: dts: samsung: exynos4412-midas: use Linux event codes
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## Thank You Emails - Purpose

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- To say "thank you"
- To confirm that patch was applied
- To share any other useful information,
   e.g. name of the branch or tree





#### Send a "Thank You"

```
git push origin for-next
b4 ty -l
```



#### Send a "Thank You"

```
git push origin for-next
b4 ty -l
b4 ty -a -S
```



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- Above thank-you letters will be quite simple with customized Git URL to the commits
  - Check b4.thanks-am-template git-config setting
  - https://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/utils/b4/b4.git/tree/thanks-am-template.example
- b4 ty` has some other useful options
  - `man b4` for more details
  - https://b4.docs.kernel.org/en/latest/config.html#thank-you-ty-settings



## Commit Hooks - Signed-off-by

- Committer Signed-off-by
  - Even maintainers get it wrong sometimes...
    - Shouldn't Acked-by tag from me (maintainer of the ... tree) enough? I mean it does imply signed-off-by, right?
    - No, it doesn't.



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    - No, it doesn't.
- verify\_signedoff.sh
  - Greg KH's script:
    - https://github.com/gregkh/gregkh-linux/blob/master/work/scripts/verify\_signedoff.sh
  - The script verifies that last committer provided proper Signed-off-by



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  - Fixes tag points to wrong commit
  - It's a real issue. Happens ~few commits per month:
    - https://lore.kernel.org/all/?q=f%3ARothwell+%22Fixes+tag+needs+some+work+in%22



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  - https://github.com/krzk/tools/blob/master/linux/verify\_fixes.sh
  - I extended original script from Greg KH, who probably borrowed it from Stephen Rothwell
  - The script verifies that "Fixes" tag is correct
    - Proper format
    - Fixes real SHA
    - Fixes ancestor commit
      - Maintainer rarely needs to take fixes for commits not in their trees or for some different branches



```
#!/bin/bash
# SPDX-License-Identifier: GPL-2.0
TOOLS_DIR="$HOME/dev/tools/linux/"
LINUS_MASTER_REF="linus/master"
echo "[Signed-off-by] "
${TOOLS_DIR}verify_signedoff.sh HEAD^..HEAD
test $? -eq 0 && echo "OK"
echo
echo "[Fixes] "
${TOOLS_DIR}verify_fixes.sh "$LINUS_MASTER_REF" HEAD^..HEAD
test $? -eq 0 && echo "OK"
echo
```



- Idea borrowed from Lee Jones
- Full hook source:



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- Adjust the paths to verify\_xxx.sh scripts
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- Hook will be run on every patch apply (git am, so also b4 shazam) and tree rebase



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- Hook will be run on every patch apply (git am, so also b4 shazam) and tree rebase
- Hook does not fail the process, so one can still ignore its feedback



```
$ git ci --amend
[Checking commit] 959a6122c368 ARM: dts: samsung: exynos4412-midas: use Linux event codes
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[Checking commit] 959a6122c368 ARM: dts: samsung: exynos4412-midas: use Linux event codes
[Checkpatch]
OK
[Signed-off-by]
Commit 959a6122c368 ("ARM: dts: samsung: exynos4412-midas: use Linux event codes for input")
     committer Signed-off-by missing
     author email:
                      raymondhackley@protonmail.com
     committer email: krzysztof.kozlowski@linaro.org
     Signed-off-by: Raymond Hackley <raymondhackley@protonmail.com>
Errors in tree with Signed-off-by, please fix!
```

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$ git ci --amend
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OK
[Signed-off-by]
Commit 959a6122c368 ("ARM: dts: samsung: exynos4412-midas: use Linux event codes for input")
     committer Signed-off-by missing
     author email:
                      raymondhackley@protonmail.com
     committer email: krzysztof.kozlowski@linaro.org
     Signed-off-by: Raymond Hackley <raymondhackley@protonmail.com>
Errors in tree with Signed-off-by, please fix!
[Fixes]
OK
```



#### About Page

You can customize the About page



#### index : kernel/git/krzk/linux.git

Linux Samsung SoC tree



Samsung SoC (Exynos, S3C) Linux kernel tree

Pulled up by arm-soc folks.

#### Branches:

- 1. for-next: for linux-next, rebased sometimes
- 2. fixes: for current RC
- next/defconfig, next/defconfig64, next/drivers, next/dt, next/dt64, next/soc, next/soc64: for next release
- 4. for-vX.Y/name: topic branches for vX.Y release (usually next release)



## About Page (2)

```
git symbolic-ref HEAD refs/meta/cgit
git reset --hard
vi -p cgitrc README
# git add, commit
git push origin HEAD:refs/meta/cgit
git checkout master
```

Full guide: <a href="https://korg.docs.kernel.org/cgit-meta-data.html">https://korg.docs.kernel.org/cgit-meta-data.html</a>



## Transparency Log

- Transparency log records all git-receive operations
- Full description:

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- Full description:
   <a href="https://korg.docs.kernel.org/gitolite/transparency-log.html">https://korg.docs.kernel.org/gitolite/transparency-log.html</a>
- Transparency log is in public-inbox format, thus browsing is a bit of pain
  - You can see the diffs on Gitweb: <u>https://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/infra/transparency-logs/gitolite/git/1.git/log/</u>
  - But easier browsing requires setting up public-inbox mirror



## Transparency Log - Example

```
& 0.0.0.0:8080/kernel.org-transparency-log/
public inbox for devnull@kernel.org
                     search | help / color / mirror / Atom feed
post-receive: pub/scm/linux/kernel/qit/thierry.reding/linux-pwm
2023-11-03 11:01 UTC
post-receive: pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/gregkh/char-misc
2023-11-03 11:00 UTC
post-receive: pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/jlayton/linux
2023-11-03 10:16 UTC
post-receive: pub/scm/git/git
2023-11-03 9:53 UTC
post-receive: pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/netdev/net
 2023-11-03 9:16 UTC
post-receive: pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/netdev/net
2023-11-03 9:15 UTC
post-receive: pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/netdev/net
2023-11-03 9:14 UTC
post-receive: pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/netdev/net
2023-11-03 9-12 HTC
```



## Transparency Log - Plain Push



### Transparency Log - Trust

- kernel.org docs:
  - "Since several members of the Linux Foundation IT team have direct backend access to the gitolite server, any one of them (or anyone in possession of their compromised account) can fake a push record."
  - "If you would like to help hedge against this risk, you are invited to sign your pushes."



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```

- Assuming you have your GnuPG key on a SmartCard (bold assumption!)...
  - You already sign your tags for pull requests, right?
- ... this will ask you to unlock SmartCard on the first push during given session
  - That's it!



## Transparency Log - Example

```
& 0.0.0.0:8080/kernel.org-transparency-log/
public inbox for devnull@kernel.org
                     search | help / color / mirror / Atom feed
post-receive: pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/thierry.reding/linux-pwm
 2023-11-03 11:01 UTC
post-receive: pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/greqkh/char-misc
 2023-11-03 11:00 UTC
post-receive: pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/jlayton/linux
2023-11-03 10:16 UTC
post-receive: pub/scm/git/git
2023-11-03 9:53 UTC
post-receive: pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/netdev/net
2023-11-03 9:16 UTC
post-receive: pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/netdev/net
2023-11-03 9:15 UTC
post-receive: pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/netdev/net
2023-11-03 9:14 UTC
post-receive: pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/netdev/net
2023-11-03 9-12 HTC
```



## Transparency Log - Signed Push

```
* post-receive: pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/gregkh/char-misc
@ 2023-11-03 11:00 Gitolite
  0 siblings, 0 replies; 5383+ messages in thread
From: Gitolite @ 2023-11-03 11:00 UTC (permalink / raw)
[-- Attachment #1: Type: text/plain, Size: 261 bytes --]
service: git-receive-pack
repo: pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/gregkh/char-misc
user: greakh
git push cert status: G
changes:
  - ref: refs/tags/char-misc-6.7-rcl
    new: 2eaaf2f210959da1ef59c5939094e494f499cc5e
[-- Attachment #2: qit-push-certificate.txt --]
 -- Type: text/plain, Size: 1209 bytes --]
certificate version 0.1
pusher Greg Kroah-Hartman <gregkh@linuxfoundation.org> 1699009239 +0100
pushee gitolite.kernel.org:/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/gregkh/char-misc.git
nonce 1699009238-6123e86e02cd42981cb57a9fa116d4eecc6b230e
```





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- If you ever want to apply for kernel.org account, you better start collecting signatures of your key
- Comprehensive guide on setting PGP/GnuPG keys (including smartcard):
   <a href="https://www.kernel.org/doc/html/latest/process/maintainer-pgp-guide.html">https://www.kernel.org/doc/html/latest/process/maintainer-pgp-guide.html</a>



• In-person signing



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    - Or to the kernel.org keyring, more on this on next slide
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- Video conference call signing
  - https://korg.docs.kernel.org/accounts.html#keysigning-via-video-conferencing



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  - o TLDR:
    - Export your signed public PGP key and send it to: <u>keys@linux.kernel.org</u>
    - Caveat #2: minimum two signatures from keys already in the kernel.org keyring, not too far away from Linus





- public-inbox
  - Sharing of an email inbox via git to complement or replace traditional mailing lists.
     Readers may read via NNTP, IMAP, POP3, Atom feeds or HTML archives.
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- Why?
  - Because the mail never stops! It just keeps coming and coming and coming.
     There's never a letup, it's relentless.





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- Why?
  - You can follow mailing lists without actually subscribing to them
  - You can also follow specific topics, like changes to specific files
- There is a great talk explaining all this:
  - "Doing more with lore and b4", <a href="https://lpc.events/event/11/contributions/983/">https://lpc.events/event/11/contributions/983/</a>



#### Public-inbox - lei

- lei will fetch emails from mailing lists, according to your search query, and store them:
  - On the IMAP server
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- Search query following a Devicetree list and syncing to the IMAP folder:

```
lei q -I https://lore.kernel.org/all/ --threads --dedupe=mid -jobs=,2 \
-o imaps://imap.gmail.com/LKML/dt \
'l:devicetree.vger.kernel.org AND rt:2.month.ago..'
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   'l:devicetree.vger.kernel.org AND rt:2.month.ago...'
lei up --all
```



#### Public-inbox - lei with diff-filename

Looking for changes to specific files?

```
lei q -I https://lore.kernel.org/all/ --threads --dedupe=mid -jobs=,2 \
   -o imaps://imap.gmail.com/LKML/test/my-lovely-driver \
   'dfn:ufs-qcom AND rt:2.month.ago..'
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```
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  'dfn:drivers/regulator/ AND rt:2.month.ago..'
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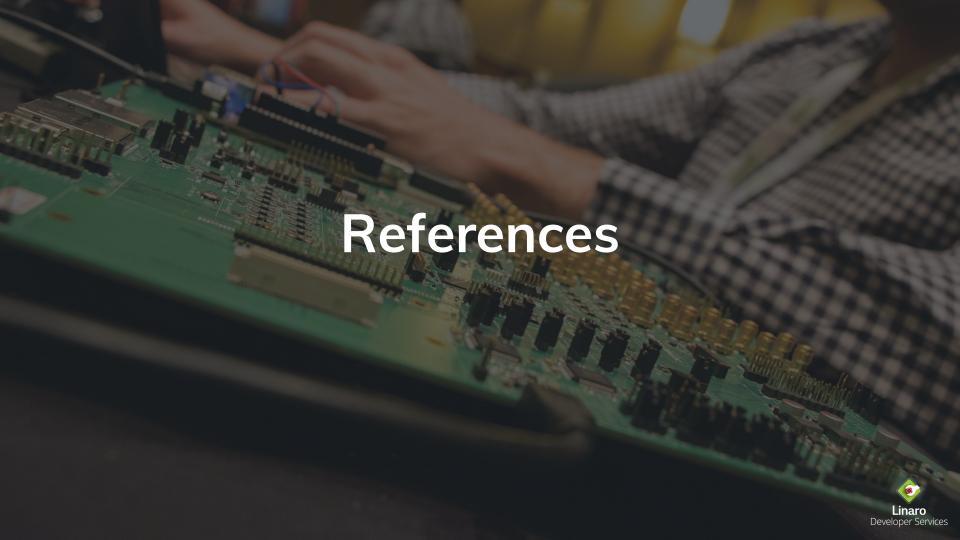
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```

- More on lei and lore:
  - https://lwn.net/Articles/878205/
  - https://lore.kernel.org/all/\_/text/help/





# References (1)

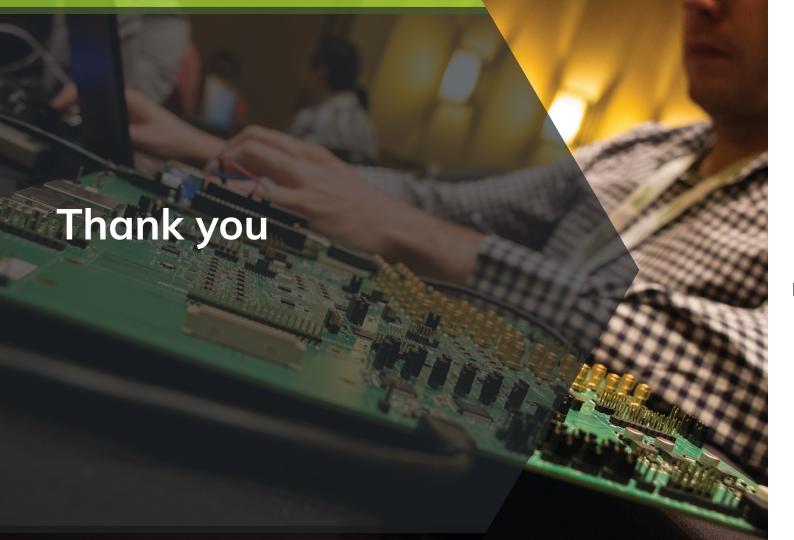
- 0-day / LKP
  - https://github.com/intel/lkp-tests/blob/master/doc/fag.md
  - https://github.com/intel/lkp-tests/wiki/Repo-Spec
- Doing more with lore and b4, Konstantin Ryabitsev
  - https://lpc.events/event/11/contributions/983/
- b4
  - pip install b4`
  - https://b4.docs.kernel.org/en/latest/installing.html
  - https://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/utils/b4/b4.git/tree/thanks-am-template.example
- git commit hooks
  - https://github.com/krzk/tools/blob/master/linux/verify\_fixes.sh
  - https://github.com/krzk/tools/blob/master/linux/verify\_signedoff.sh
  - https://github.com/krzk/tools/blob/master/linux/git-hooks-post-commit
- git.kernel.org repo appearance
  - https://korg.docs.kernel.org/cgit-meta-data.html
- git.kernel.org transparency log
  - https://korg.docs.kernel.org/qitolite/transparency-log.html



# References (2)

- PGP keys guide
  - https://www.kernel.org/doc/html/latest/process/maintainer-pgp-guide.html
- Kernel developer PGP keyring
  - https://korg.docs.kernel.org/papkeys.html
- Signing PGP keys
  - https://korg.docs.kernel.org/accounts.html#keysigning-via-video-conferencing
- Kernel key signing map
  - https://www.kernel.org/doc/ksmap/
  - https://korq.docs.kernel.org/ksmap.html
- lore
  - https://lore.kernel.org/
- lore and lei search syntax
  - https://lore.kernel.org/all/\_/text/help/
  - https://lwn.net/Articles/878205/
- public-inbox
  - https://public-inbox.org/README.html







# Introducing Linaro

Linaro collaborates with businesses and open source communities to:

- Consolidate the Arm code base & develop common, low-level functionality
- Create open source reference implementations & standards
- Upstream products and platforms on Arm

Why do we do this?

- To make it easier for businesses to build and deploy high quality and secure Arm-based products
- To make it easier for engineers to develop on Arm

Two ways to collaborate with Linaro:

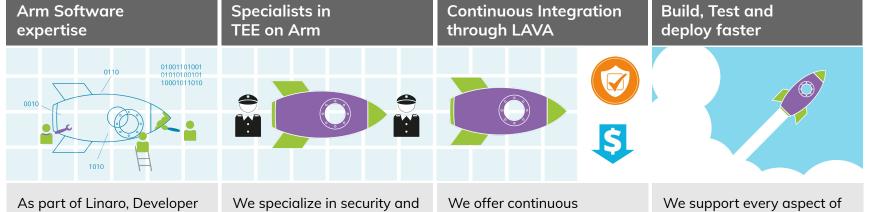
- Join as a member and work with Linaro and collaborate with other industry leaders
- 2 Work with Linaro Developer Services on a one-to-one basis on a project

For more information go to: www.linaro.org



## Linaro Developer Services

Linaro Developer Services helps companies build, deploy and maintain products on Arm



As part of Linaro, Developer Services has some of the world's leading Arm Software experts.

We specialize in security and Trusted Execution Environment (TEE) on Arm. We offer continuous integration (CI) and automated validation through LAVA (Linaro's Automation & Validation Architecture)

We support every aspect of product delivery, from building secure board support packages (BSPs), product validation and long-term maintenance.

For more information go to: <a href="https://www.linaro.org/services/">https://www.linaro.org/services/</a>



### Linaro membership collaboration

