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A `move_pages()` equivalent for physical memory

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CXL-aware job schedulers, memory managers, and userspace tiering solutions depend on page migration syscalls to reallocate resources across nodes. Currently, these calls enable movement of memory associated with a specific PID. Moves can be requested in coarse, process-sized strokes (as with `migrate_pages`), and on specific virtual pages (via `move_pages`). However, a number of profiling mechanisms provide information at a systemwide granularity: the IDLE bit is cleared on reads/writes of physical pages, `/proc/zoneinfo` breaks PFN-space into NUMA nodes, and PEBS/IBS can be configured to track frequency of accesses to physical addresses. Information from these sources facilitates systemwide resource management, but in order to actually *perform* said management, their outputs must be converted back to virtual addresses and re-associated with specific PIDs. Doing this reverse-translation outside of the kernel requires considerable space and compute. It can potentially be avoided if the contents of physical memory can be migrated directly.

We propose a syscall, analogous to `move_pages`, that migrates the contents of physical pages between NUMA nodes. We present our investigations as to how this call might be integrated with minimal changes to the `mm/migrate.c` codebase. We also explore a prototype tiering framework that could make use of this call, and its limitations.

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