Objtool for arm64

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android

Objtool

What is it?

- A host program in tools/objtool/ that runs on each.o file during kernel build
 - Currently only supported/used by x86_64
 - Merged upstream in v4.6 (Feb 2016)
- General binary linter and patching utility
 - Can check and enforce invariants on the vmlinux
 - Helps to catch compiler and asm issues which would otherwise be missed
- Relies on control flow reconstruction
 - Can be sensitive to compiler optimisations
 - <u>https://git.kernel.org/linus/3193c0836f20</u> disabled -fgcse for ___bpf_prog_run()!

Objtool

What does it do for x86?

- Generation of ORC unwinding data
 - Lightweight alternative to DWARF; avoids needs for frame pointers (esp. in asm)

• Binary validation of:

- Stack frames (relied upon for live-patching)
- Unreachable instructions, retpoline, uaccess-enabled regions, 'noinstr' annotations

• Binary modification

- Convert some __sanitizer_cov*() calls to NOPs
- Generate mcount_loc section and convert __fentry calls to NOPs
- Generate .static_call_sites section
- Arch-specific branch patching (insertion of thunks etc).

"So I've started looking at what it would take to get live patching going on ARM64 :-)" -- Ben Herrenschmidt

Subject: [RFC PATCH v2 00/13] objtool: add base support for arm64 -- Julien Thierry



Objtool

Why do we need it for arm64?

- We want reliable stack-tracing for same reasons as x86
 - Primarily for kernel live-patching
 - But also useful for unwinding across asynchronous boundaries (e.g. exceptions)
- Some of the x86 constraints do not apply:
 - No retpoline or static call table
 - Frame pointers are cheap
- If we enable objtool as *optional* binary linter then two things will inevitably happen:
 - It will find kernel-specific issues in toolchain output...
 - o ... and developers will push to enable objtool's patching capabilities for arm64
 - We must treat failures to track control flow as objtool bugs not compiler bugs!
 - This is very challenging given the current design of objtool
- How feasible is it to fix these issues in the toolchains instead?
 - May not be considered bugs by the developers (likely kernel-specific requirements)
 - Both GCC and Clang are widely used for arm64 kernel builds

Control-flow analysis and -fgcse

```
if (cond_a) {
    took_a=1;
    ...
}
...
if (!took_a) {
    ...
}
```

"Currently objtool will consider the path 'cond_a && !took_a' and can get into trouble because of that."

- No tracking of values or interpreter logic
- Do we really want to teach objtool about this?

Can the toolchain help us here?

ORC generation

Control flow analysis

Kernel-specific compilation flags

???

